

FORD MUSTANG MACH-E

DECEMBER 2022 - ONWARDS
ALL VARIANTS EXC. GT



ANCAP

SAFETY

TESTED
2021



RATING YEAR	2021
VEHICLE TYPE	Small SUV
ENGINE TYPE	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)
BUILT FROM	October 2022
ON SALE FROM	December 2022
SERIES	N/A
AIRBAGS	Dual frontal, side chest, side head, centre, driver knee

The Ford Mustang Mach-E was introduced in New Zealand in December 2022 and Australia in 2023. This ANCAP safety rating applies to all variants, excluding the Mach-E GT, which is unrated.

Dual frontal, side chest-protecting and side head-protecting (curtain) airbags, and a driver knee airbag, are standard. A centre airbag which provides added protection to front seat occupants in side impact crashes is also standard.

Autonomous emergency braking (Car-to-Car, Vulnerable Road User, Junction Assist and Backover) as well as a lane support system with lane keep assist (LKA), lane departure warning (LDW) and emergency lane keeping (ELK) and an advanced speed assistance system (SAS) are standard equipment.

NOTE: Installation of child restraints in the second row centre seating position is not recommended in New Zealand variants as there is no top tether anchorage.



92%

ADULT OCCUPANT
PROTECTION



88%

CHILD OCCUPANT
PROTECTION



69%

VULNERABLE ROAD USER
PROTECTION



82%

SAFETY
ASSIST

RATING APPLICABILITY

VARIANT	BODY TYPE	ENGINE	DRIVETRAIN	AUS	NZ
Ford Mustang Mach-E Select	5 door SUV	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)	RWD	✓	-
Ford Mustang Mach-E Premium	5 door SUV	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)	RWD	✓	-
Ford Mustang Mach-E RWD	5 door SUV	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)	RWD	-	✓
Ford Mustang Mach-E AWD	5 door SUV	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)	AWD	-	✓
Ford Mustang Mach-E GT	5 door SUV	Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV)	AWD	✗	✗

ADULT OCCUPANT PROTECTION



92%

35.16 POINTS
OUT OF 38

The passenger compartment remained stable in the frontal offset (MPDB) test. Dummy readings indicated ADEQUATE protection for the driver's chest and lower legs. Protection was GOOD for all other critical body regions of the driver and the front passenger.

The front structure of the Ford Mustang Mach-E presented a higher risk to occupants of an oncoming vehicle in the MPDB test (which evaluates vehicle-to-vehicle compatibility), and a 3.45 point penalty was applied.

In the full width frontal test, protection was ADEQUATE for the chests of the driver and rear passenger, while GOOD protection was offered for all other critical body regions.

In both the side impact and the oblique pole tests, protection of all critical body areas for the driver was GOOD and the vehicle scored maximum points in these tests.

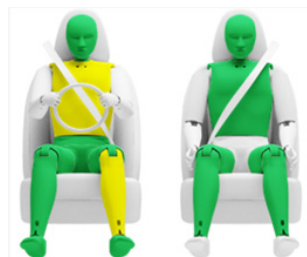
Rated variants of the Ford Mustang Mach-E are equipped with a centre airbag to protect against occupant-to-occupant interaction in side impacts. It was shown to provide GOOD protection for the head of both front seat occupants. Prevention of excursion (movement towards the other side of the vehicle) in the far side impact tests was assessed as GOOD for the vehicle-to-vehicle impact scenario and MARGINAL for the vehicle-to-pole scenario.

A Rescue Sheet, providing information for first responders in the event of a crash is available, and a multi-collision braking system is fitted.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB)#	6.09	(out of 8)
FULL WIDTH FRONTAL#	7.65	(out of 8)
SIDE IMPACT#	6.00	(out of 6)
OBLIQUE POLE#	6.00	(out of 6)
WHIPLASH PROTECTION	3.92	(out of 4)
FAR SIDE IMPACT	3.50	(out of 4)
RESCUE & EXTRICATION	2.00	(out of 2)

Scaled scores. Total test scored out of 16.00 points.

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)



DRIVER

Head / neck:	4.00 pts
Chest:	3.74 pts
Upper legs:	4.00 pts
Lower legs:	3.89 pts
Deductions:	Nil

FRONT PASSENGER

Head / neck:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Upper legs:	4.00 pts
Lower legs:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

COMPATIBILITY

Deductions:	-3.45 pts
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FULL WIDTH FRONTAL (50km/h)



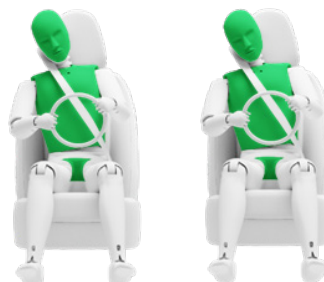
DRIVER

Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	4.00 pts
Chest:	3.24 pts
Upper legs:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

REAR PASSENGER

Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	4.00 pts
Chest:	3.37 pts
Upper legs:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

SIDE IMPACT OBLIQUE POLE



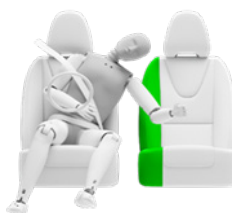
SIDE IMPACT (MDB) (60km/h)

Head:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

OBLIQUE POLE (32km/h)

Head:	4.00 pts
Chest:	4.00 pts
Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	4.00 pts
Deductions:	Nil

FAR SIDE IMPACT



SIDE IMPACT (MDB)

Head:	4.00 pts
Neck:	4.00 pts
Chest & Abdomen:	4.00 pts
Pelvis:	No penalty

OBLIQUE POLE

Head:	3.00 pts
Neck:	3.00 pts
Chest & Abdomen:	3.00 pts
Pelvis:	No penalty

OCCUPANT-TO-OCCUPANT

Head contact:	No penalty
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RESCUE & EXTRICATION

Rescue Sheet	●	No penalty
Door Opening / Extrication	●	No penalty
Multi-Collision Braking	●	1.00 pt
Advanced eCall	✗	1.00 pt default

WHIPLASH (REAR IMPACT) PROTECTION



Driver / front passenger:	2.92 pts
Rear passenger:	1.00 pts



88%

43.43 POINTS
OUT OF 49

In both the frontal offset and side impact tests, protection was GOOD for all critical body areas for both the 6 year and 10 year child dummies and full points were scored.

The Ford Mustang Mach-E is fitted with lower ISOFix anchorages and top tether anchorages for the rear outboard seating positions. A top tether anchorage is also fitted to the centre rear seating position on Australian vehicles.

Installation of typical child restraints available in Australia and New Zealand showed most child restraints could be accommodated in most rear seating positions, though a rearward facing capsule could not be correctly installed in the outboard seating positions, and one of the booster seats could not be correctly installed in the centre seating position.

NOTE: Installation of child restraints in the second row centre seating position of New Zealand vehicles is not recommended as there is no top tether anchorage.

DYNAMIC TEST (FRONT)	16.00 (out of 16)
DYNAMIC TEST (SIDE)	8.00 (out of 8)
RESTRAINT INSTALLATION	11.43 (out of 12)
ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES	8.00 (out of 13)

FRONTAL OFFSET (MPDB) (50km/h)



6 YEAR OLD

10 YEAR OLD

SIDE IMPACT (60km/h)



10 YEAR OLD

6 YEAR OLD

ON-BOARD SAFETY FEATURES

FEATURE	FRONT PASSENGER	2nd ROW OUTBOARD	2nd ROW CENTRE	3rd ROW OUTBOARD	3rd ROW CENTRE
ISOFix	×	●	×	-	-
Integrated child restraints	×	×	×	-	-
Top tether anchorage	×	●	● (AUS) × (NZ)	-	-
Airbag disabling	× (AUS) ● (NZ)	-	-	-	-

● FITTED TO TEST CAR AS STANDARD ● NOT FITTED TO TEST CAR BUT AVAILABLE AS AN OPTION × NOT AVAILABLE - NOT APPLICABLE

GOOD ADEQUATE MARGINAL WEAK POOR

NOTE: The child restraints fitted to vehicles tested by Euro NCAP are relevant to the European market. For Australasian consumers, this information should be used as a guide to vehicle features only. The Child Restraint Evaluation Program (CREP) provides an independent assessment on the safety of Australasian child restraints - see www.childcarseats.com.au.



88%

43.43 POINTS
OUT OF 49

CHILD RESTRAINT INSTALLATION*

CHILD RESTRAINT (CRS) TYPE^		FRONT ROW	2nd ROW			3rd ROW		
		PASSENGER	LEFT	CENTRE#	RIGHT	LEFT	CENTRE	RIGHT
BELTED	TYPE A	Rearward facing capsule	×	●	●	●	-	-
	TYPE A	Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	●	●	●	-	-
	TYPE A	Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	●	●	●	-	-
	TYPE B	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	●	●	●	-	-
	TYPE B	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	●	●	●	-	-
	TYPE E	Booster - 4 to 8 years	×	●	●	●	-	-
ISOFIX	TYPE F	Booster - 4 to 10 years	×	●	●	●	-	-
	TYPE A	Rearward facing capsule	×	●	-	●	-	-
	TYPE A	Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	●	-	●	-	-
	TYPE A	Rearward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	●	-	●	-	-
	TYPE B	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model A)	×	●	-	●	-	-
	TYPE B	Forward facing with harness - convertible (Model B)	×	●	-	●	-	-

* Installation of each child restraint is assessed separately in each position. Installation of multiple restraints has not been assessed and may not be possible.

^ The above list of child restraints has been selected to provide a general indication of the rated vehicle's ability to accommodate various CRS types. ANCAP does not endorse or recommend any one CRS brand or model, nor does it rate the safety of child restraints.

Applicable to Australian vehicles only. Installation of child restraints in the second row centre seating position of New Zealand vehicles is not recommended as there is no top tether anchorage.



69%

37.32 POINTS
OUT OF 54

The Ford Mustang Mach-E has an 'active' bonnet. Sensors detect when a pedestrian is struck and actuators lift the bonnet to provide greater clearance from stiff components in the engine bay. The vehicle was tested with the bonnet in the raised position and GOOD or ADEQUATE results were recorded over most of the bonnet area with some WEAK and POOR results recorded at the base of the windscreen and on the windscreen pillars. The bumper provided GOOD protection to pedestrians' legs however protection of the pelvis was POOR.

The autonomous emergency braking (AEB) system is capable of detecting and reacting to pedestrians and cyclists. Testing of this system showed GOOD performance in forward test scenarios. The AEB system can sense and react to vulnerable road users in reverse, however does not default to 'ON' at the start of each journey and no score was awarded. ADEQUATE performance was recorded in cyclist test scenarios.

HEAD IMPACTS	18.74 (out of 24)
UPPER LEG IMPACTS	0.04 (out of 6)
LOWER LEG IMPACTS	6.00 (out of 6)
AEB - Pedestrian (forward)	5.98 (out of 7)
AEB - Pedestrian (backover)	0.00 (out of 2)
AEB - Cyclist	6.56 (out of 9)

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (PEDESTRIAN, CYCLIST & BACKOVER)

SYSTEM NAME:	Pre Collision Assist with Pedestrian
TYPE:	Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning
OPERATIONAL FROM:	5-80 km/h
DESCRIPTION:	System functions in the daytime and night

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - PEDESTRIAN												
TEST SCENARIO	AEB + FCW		FORWARD								BACKOVER	
	Adult walking along road		Adult crossing towards kerb (50%)		Adult crossing from kerb (25%)		Adult crossing from kerb (75%)		Child running (obstructed)		Adult crossing side road, vehicle turning	
	DAY	NIGHT	DAY	NIGHT	DAY	NIGHT	DAY	NIGHT	DAY	NIGHT	DAY	NIGHT
PERFORMANCE	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - CYCLIST					
TEST SCENARIO	FCW		FORWARD		
	Cyclist travelling along road (25%)		Cyclist crossing from kerb (obstructed)	Cyclist travelling along road (50%)	Cyclist crossing (nearside)
	DAY	DAY	DAY	DAY	DAY
PERFORMANCE	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD	GOOD

PEDESTRIAN IMPACT TEST (40 KM/H)





82%

13.14 POINTS
OUT OF 16

The Ford Mustang Mach-E is fitted with an autonomous emergency braking (AEB) system capable of functioning at highway speeds, a lane support system (LSS) with lane keep assist (LKA) and emergency lane keeping (ELK) functionality, and blind spot monitoring (BSM).

Tests of the AEB (Car-to-Car) system showed GOOD performance with collisions avoided or mitigated in all scenarios, including AEB Junction Assist where the test vehicle can autonomously brake to avoid crashes when turning across the path of an oncoming vehicle.

Tests of LSS functionality showed GOOD performance, including all of the more critical emergency lane keeping test scenarios.

A speed assistance system (SAS) is standard. This system identifies the local speed limit and allows the driver to set the speed accordingly.

A seatbelt reminder system is fitted to all seating positions. Occupancy detection is only fitted to front seating positions. A driver drowsiness monitor system is fitted as standard, however the system does not default to 'ON' at the start of each journey and so no points were awarded.

OCCUPANT STATUS

- Seat belt reminders	1.00	(out of 2)
- Driver monitoring	0.00	(out of 1)

SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS	2.58	(out of 3)
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LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS	4.00	(out of 4)
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AEB - Car-to-Car	3.57	(out of 4)
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AEB - Junction Assist	2.00	(out of 2)
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LANE SUPPORT SYSTEMS (LSS)

SYSTEM NAME: Lane Keeping System
OPERATIONAL FROM: 65-187 km/h

EMERGENCY LANE KEEPING (ELK)										
TEST SCENARIO	Oncoming vehicle	Overtaking vehicle (GVT at 72 km/h)		Overtaking vehicle (GVT at 80 km/h)		Road edge				Solid line
		UNINTENTIONAL	INTENTIONAL	UNINTENTIONAL	INTENTIONAL					
PERFORMANCE										
GOOD										

LANE KEEP ASSIST (LKA)				
TEST SCENARIO	Dashed Line		Solid Line	
PERFORMANCE				
GOOD				

HUMAN MACHINE INTERFACE (HMI)		
FUNCTION	Lane Departure Warning (LDW)	[NOT TESTED]
	Blind Spot Monitoring (BSM)	PASS



82%

13.14 POINTS
OUT OF 16

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING (CAR-TO-CAR)

SYSTEM NAME: Pre Collision Assist
 TYPE: Autonomous emergency braking with forward collision warning
 OPERATIONAL FROM: 5-187 km/h
 DESCRIPTION: Defaults ON for every journey

HUMAN MACHINE INTERFACE (HMI)		
FUNCTION	Supplementary warning	PASS
	Restraint activation / dynamic retractors	[NOT FITTED]

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - CAR-TO-CAR									
TEST SCENARIO	Driving towards a stationary car					TEST VEHICLE SPEED	Turning across the path of oncoming vehicle		
	-50% OFFSET	-75% OFFSET	100% OFFSET	75% OFFSET	50% OFFSET		TARGET VEHICLE SPEED		
							30 KM/H	45 KM/H	55 KM/H
AEB (10-50 km/h)									
FCW (30-80 km/h)									
PERFORMANCE	GOOD						GOOD		

AUTONOMOUS EMERGENCY BRAKING - CAR-TO-CAR									
TEST SCENARIO	Toward car braking lightly		Toward car braking heavily		Driving towards a slower moving car*				
	12m HEADWAY	40m HEADWAY	12m HEADWAY	40m HEADWAY					
AEB (10-50 km/h)									
FCW (50*-80 km/h)									
PERFORMANCE	GOOD								

OCCUPANT STATUS

WARNING TYPE	DRIVER	FRONT PASSENGER	REAR PASSENGERS
Occupant Detection	-	●	✗
Seat Belt Reminder (Visual)	●	●	●
Seat Belt Reminder (Audible)	●	●	●
Driver Monitoring	●	-	-

SPEED ASSISTANCE SYSTEMS (SAS)

SAS FEATURE	DESCRIPTION
Speed Limit Information Function	Camera & map
Speed Limitation Function	System advised

● PASS ● FAIL ✗ NOT AVAILABLE - NOT APPLICABLE

GOOD ADEQUATE MARGINAL WEAK POOR NOT TESTED

SAFETY FEATURES & TECHNOLOGIES

FEATURE / TECHNOLOGY~	AVAILABILITY	
	AUS	NZ
Seat belts (three-point) for all forward-facing seats	●	●
Seat belt pre-tensioners (front)	●	●
Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 2nd row	●	●
Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear centre) - 2nd row	✗	✗
Seat belt pre-tensioners (rear outboard) - 3rd row	-	-
Intelligent seat belt reminder (driver)	●	●
Intelligent seat belt reminder (front passenger)	●	●
Intelligent seat belt reminder (2nd row seats)	●	●
Intelligent seat belt reminder (3rd row seats)	-	-
Airbag - frontal (driver)	●	●
Airbag - frontal (passenger)	●	●
Airbags - side, chest protection (front seats)	●	●
Airbags - side, chest protection (2nd row seats)	●	●
Airbags - side, chest protection (3rd row seats)	-	-
Airbags - side, head protection (front seats)	●	●
Airbags - side, head protection (2nd row seats)	●	●
Airbags - side, head protection (3rd row seats)	-	-
Airbag - centre	●	●
Airbag - knee (driver)	●	●
Airbag - knee (front passenger)	✗	✗
Airbag disabling switch - automatic (front passenger)	✗	✗
Airbag disabling switch - manual (front passenger)	✗	●
Head restraints for all seats	●	●
Active bonnet	●	●
Adaptive cruise control (ACC)	●	●
Anti-lock braking system (ABS)	●	●
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Car-to-Car	●	●
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - VRU	●	●
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Backover	●	●
Autonomous emergency braking (AEB) - Junction Assist	●	●
Automatic emergency call (eCall)	✗	✗
Blind spot monitor (BSM)	●	●
Child presence alert	✗	✗
Electronic brakeforce distribution (EBD)	●	●
Event data recorder (EDR)	✗	✗
Electronic stability control (ESC)	●	●
Emergency brake assist (EBA)	●	●
Emergency stop signal (ESS)	✗	✗
Fatigue reminder	●	●
Fatigue monitor / detection	●	●
Forward collision warning (FCW)	●	●
ISOFix	●	●
Lane departure warning (LDW)	●	●
Lane keep assist (LKA)	●	●
Pre-crash systems	✗	✗
Rear cross-traffic alert (RCTA)	●	●
Reversing collision avoidance (camera)	●	●
Roll stability system	✗	✗
Secondary / multi-collision brake	●	●
Speed assistance - auto / intelligent speed limiter	●	●
Speed assistance - manual speed limiter	●	●
Speed assistance - speed sign recognition & warning	●	●
Smart (intelligent) key	✗	✗
Vehicle-to-infrastructure communication (V2I)	✗	✗
Vehicle-to-vehicle communication (V2V)	✗	✗

TESTED MAKE / MODEL

Ford Mustang Mach-E
Titanium LHD

TESTED VEHICLE(S) BUILT

2021

TESTED BODY TYPE

5 door SUV

TESTED VEHICLE ENGINE

Battery Electric

RATING PUBLISHED

December 2022

RATING UPDATED

July 2023

MODEL VARIANTS:

ANCAP safety ratings do not automatically extend to variants that have different body styles, engine configurations, driven wheels or occupant restraint systems (e.g. fewer airbags). In these cases, ANCAP considers technical evidence submitted by manufacturers before deciding on the extension of a rating to additional variants of a model.

RATING YEAR (DATESTAMP):

The Rating Year denotes the year requirements against which a vehicle has been assessed. The Rating Year is determined by ANCAP and, for vehicles rated from 2018, the Rating Year is the year in which the vehicle was tested.

~ Specifications & availability subject to change. Please check with the vehicle manufacturer for confirmation of vehicle specification.

● STANDARD ● OPTIONAL ✗ NOT AVAILABLE
● NOT AVAILABLE ON BASE VARIANT BUT STANDARD OR OPTIONAL ON HIGHER VARIANTS